## **OJSC PASHA Bank**

Interim condensed consolidated financial statements

30 June 2017

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## Report on Review of Interim Financial Information

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of OJSC PASHA Bank

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of OJSC PASHA Bank and its subsidiaries, which comprise the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017 and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and selected explanatory notes (interim financial information). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*.

Ernst & Young Holdings (CIS) B.V.

11 September 2017

Baku, Azerbaijan

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

#### As at 30 June 2017

(In thousands of Azerbaijani manats)

	Notes	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,454,255	1,105,769
Trading securities	5	25,650	22,669
Amounts due from credit institutions	6	668,620	728,121
Investment securities:		·	,
- available-for-sale	7	122,555	173,329
- loans and receivables	7	43,679	61,220
Derivative financial assets	14	2,897	984
Loans to customers	8	1,190,650	1,107,274
Investment property	9	4,757	1,654
Property and equipment		12,690	12,809
Intangible assets		56,643	55,067
Current income tax assets		3,981	-
Deferred income tax assets	16	758	1,647
Other assets	10	26,884	19,302
Total assets		3,614,019	3,289,845
Liabilities			
Amounts due to banks and government funds	11	312,896	330,294
Amounts due to customers	12	2,702,754	2,350,687
Other borrowed funds	13	45,354	51,473
Debt securities issued	15	28,901	18,705
Derivative financial liabilities	14	1,219	2,468
Current income tax liabilities		808	12,436
Deferred income tax liabilities	16	14,503	8,446
Provision for guarantees and letters of credit	18, 19	1,949	6,959
Other liabilities	10	28,781	21,111
Total liabilities	10	3,137,165	2,802,579
Equity			
Share capital	17	333,000	333,000
Retained earnings		74,837	83,152
Net unrealised losses on investment securities available-for-sale		(63)	(1)
Foreign currency translation reserve		69,008	71,046
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Bank		476,782	487,197
Non-controlling interests		72	69
Total equity		476,854	487,266
Total liabilities and equity		3,614,019	3,289,845

Signed and authorised for release on behalf of the Executive Board of the Bank:

Taleh Kazimov

Chairman of the Executive Board

Hayala Naghiyeva

11 September 2017

**Chief Financial Officer** 

The accompanying notes on pages 6 to 21 are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss

## For the six months ended 30 June 2017

(In thousands of Azerbaijani manats)

For the six months ended 30 June

	(unaudited)		lited)
	Notes	2017	2016
Interest income			<del>-</del> '
Loans to customers		64,340	50,937
Amounts due from credit institutions Investment securities		47,444 9,871	5,708 4,002
Cash and cash equivalents		9,568	1,846
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		-	12
decunities purchased under agreements to reserv		131,223	62,505
Trading securities		1,230	2,867
		1,230	2,867
Interest expense			
Amounts due to customers		(50,975)	(13,081)
Amounts due to banks and government funds		(5,623)	(4,862)
Debt securities issued Other borrowed funds		(1,352) (555)	(996)
Other Dortowed funds Other		(000)	(350)
Other		(58,505)	(19,289)
Net interest income		73,948	46,083
Provision for impairment losses on interest bearing assets	19	(6,576)	(13,507)
Net interest income after provision for impairment losses		67,372	32,576
Net fee and commission income	20	5,037	6,266
Net gains from trading securities		1,794	1,918
Net (loss)/gains from investment securities available-for-sale Net gains from foreign currencies:		(21)	7
- dealing		23,850	30,100
- translation differences		349	1,649
- operations with foreign currency derivatives		2,673 123	104 173
Other income		33,805	40,217
Non-interest income		35,005	70,211
Personnel expenses	21	(25,121)	(17,275)
General and administrative expenses	21	(13,838)	(18,620)
Depreciation and amortisation		(3,670)	(3,300)
Reversal of provision/(provision) for guarantees and letters of credit	19	5,010	(53)
Non-interest expenses		(37,619)	(39,248)
Profit before income tax expense		63,558	33,545
Income tax expense	16	(13,234)	(9,129)
Net profit for the period		50,324	24,416
Attributable to:			
- shareholders of the Bank		50,321	24,413
- non-controlling interests		3	3
		50,324	24,416

48,224

23,349

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income

#### For the six months ended 30 June 2017

(In thousand of Azerbaijani manats)

For the six months ended 30 June (unaudited) 2017 2016 Notes 50,324 24,416 Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods Unrealised (loss)/gain on investment securities available-for-sale (98)52 Realised loss/(gain) on investment securities available-for-sale 21 (7) reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss Net unrealised (loss)/gain in investment securities (77)45 available-for-sale 17 Tax effect of net loss/(gain) on investment securities available-for-sale 16 15 (3)(2,038)(1,109)Foreign currency translation difference 17 Net other comprehensive loss to be reclassified to profit or (2,100)(1,067)loss in subsequent periods 48,224 23,349 Total comprehensive income for the period Attributable to: 48,221 23,346 - shareholders of the Bank 3 3 - non-controlling interests

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity

## For the six months ended 30 June 2017

(In thousands of Azerbaijani manats)

_	Attributable to shareholders of the Bank						
			Net unrealised gain/(losses) on				
-	Share capital	Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	investment securities available- for-sale	Foreign currency translation difference	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
As at 31 December 2015	333,000	19,283	(100)	80,244	432,427	62	432,489
Net profit for the six months ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited) Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the	-	24,413	-	-	24,413	3	24,416
six months ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited)			42	(1,109)	(1,067)		(1,067)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the six months ended 30 June 2016		04.442	40	(4.400)	00.040		00.040
(unaudited)		24,413	42	(1,109)	23,346	3	23,349
Dividends declared (Note 17)		(5,412)			(5,412)		(5,412)
As at 30 June 2016 (unaudited)	333,000	38,284	(58)	79,135	450,361	65	450,426
As at 31 December 2016	333,000	83,152	(1)	71,046	487,197	69_	487,266
Net profit for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (unaudited) Other comprehensive loss	-	50,321	-	-	50,321	3	50,324
for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (unaudited)			(62)	(2,038)	(2,100)		(2,100)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the six months ended 30 June 2017 (unaudited)		50,321	(62)	(2,038)	48,221	3	48,224
Dividends declared (Note 17)	_	(58,636)	_	_	(58,636)	_	(58,636)
As at 30 June 2017 (unaudited)	333,000	74,837	(63)	69,008	476,782	72	476,854
farianced		=======================================		=======================================			

## Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

#### For the six months ended 30 June 2017

(In thousands of Azerbaijani manats)

For the six months ended 30 June

	(unaudited)		dited)
	Notes	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		<del>-</del>	-
Interest received		83,400	61,147
Interest paid		(19,747)	(17,367)
Fees and commissions received		11,103	9,477
Fees and commissions paid		(6,247)	(3,276)
Net realized loss on sale of investment securities available-for-sale		(19)	(2)
Net realized loss from trading securities		_	(739)
Realised gains less losses from dealing in foreign currencies and			
from operations with foreign currency derivatives		24,809	29,971
Personnel expenses paid		(24,513)	(13,561)
General and administrative expenses paid		(12,895)	(18,583)
Other operating income received		125	776
Cash flows from operating activities before changes in			
operating assets and liabilities		56,016	47,843
Net (increase)/decrease in operating assets			
Trading securities		(1,191)	(3,308)
Amounts due from credit institutions		80,013	(91,577)
Loans to customers		(93,432)	(31,205)
Other assets		(2,337)	1,482
Net increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities			
Amounts due to banks and government funds		(9,179)	(43,840)
Amounts due to customers		330,540	(20,797)
Other borrowed funds		(7,370)	(33,349)
Other liabilities		(2,363)	(3,873)
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities before income			
tax		350,697	(178,624)
Income tax paid		(20,511)	(1,066)
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities		330,186	(179,690)
Control States from Invention and Intelligen			
Cash flows from investing activities  Proceeds from sale and redemption of investment securities			
available-for-sale		374,008	40,118
Proceeds from sale and redemption of investment securities –		374,000	40,110
loans and receivables		46,488	47,412
Purchases of investment securities available-for-sale		(323,162)	(78,209)
Purchases of investment securities – loans and receivables		(27,817)	(22,039)
Proceeds from sale of property, equipment and intangible assets		-	32
Purchase of property and equipment and intangible assets		(7,256)	(1,863)
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities		62,261	(14,549)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds of debt securities issued		52,458	2.5
Payment of debt securities issued		(42,987)	_
· ·	17	(58,636)	(5,412)
Dividends paid  Net cash used in financing activities	17	(49,165)	(5,412)
_			
Effect of exchange rates changes on cash and cash equivalents		5,204	14,102
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		348,486	(185,549)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	4	1,105,769	1,021,306
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	4	1,454,255	835,757
	-		

## 1. Principal activities

OJSC PASHA Bank ("the Bank") was formed on 18 June 2007 as an open joint stock company under the laws of the Republic of Azerbaijan. The Bank operates under a banking licence issued by the Central Bank of the Republic of Azerbaijan ("CBAR") on 28 November 2007.

The Bank and its subsidiaries (together – "the Group") accept deposits from the public and extend credit, transfer payments, exchange currencies and provide other banking services to its commercial and private customers.

The Bank has four service points and two branches in Azerbaijan as at 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016: four service points and two branches) and two subsidiaries, JSC PASHA Bank Georgia located in the Republic of Georgia and PASHA Yatirim Bankasi A.Ş. (the "Subsidiaries") located in the Republic of Turkey.

The Bank's registered legal address is 15 Yusif Mammadaliyev Street, Baku, AZ1005, Azerbaijan.

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the following shareholders owned the outstanding shares of the Bank:

Shareholders	30 June 2017 (%)	31 December 2016 (%)
Pasha Holding Ltd.	60	60
Ador Ltd.	30	30
Mr. Arif Pashayev	10	10
Total	100	100

As at 30 June 2017 and 2016, the Bank is ultimately owned by Mrs. Leyla Aliyeva and Mrs. Arzu Aliyeva, who exercise joint control over the Bank.

PASHA Bank Georgia JSC, a wholly – owned subsidiary, is located in the Republic of Georgia, operating in the banking sector, with registered and paid up share capital of GEL 35,000 thousand as of 31 December 2013. In March 2014 share capital of subsidiary was increased and amounted to GEL 103,000 as at 30 June 2017. PASHA Bank Georgia JSC operates under a banking licence issued by the National Bank of Georgia (the "NBG") on 17 January 2013.

Legal address of the PASHA Bank Georgia JSC is 15 Rustaveli Street, Tbilisi, GE 0108, Georgia.

TAIB Yatirim Bank A.Ş. was incorporated in 1987 as an investment bank in Turkey with the permission of the Council of Ministers decision no. 6224 which allows the transfer of the banks' net profit after statutory liabilities and in case of liquidation the transfer of capital to foreign shareholders. On 27 January 2015, the Bank acquired 79.47% of the voting common shares of TAIB Yatirim Bank A.Ş. TAIB Yatirim Bank A.Ş. was renamed to Pasha Yatirim Bankasi A.Ş. at the registration of the Bank as shareholder. In March 2015, investment in share capital of the subsidiary was increased by TRY 175,000 thousand to TRY 255,000 thousand. As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Bank holds 99.92% voting common shares of PASHA Yatirim Bankasi A.Ş. with its head office located in Istanbul. The activities of the bank are regulated by the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (the "CBRT").

OJSC PASHA Bank and its Subsidiaries were consolidated in these financial statements.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

#### General

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2017 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

The Group is required to maintain their records and prepare their consolidated financial statements for regulatory purposes in Azerbaijani manat in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention except for trading and available for sale securities and derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousand of Azerbaijani manats ("AZN") unless otherwise indicated. Transactions in currencies other than the AZN are treated as transactions in foreign currencies.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2016.

#### 3. Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016, except for the adoption of new Standards effective as of 1 January 2017. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The nature and the effect of these changes are disclosed below. Although these new standards and amendments apply for the first time in 2017, they do not have a material effect on the annual consolidated statements of the Group or the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group. The nature and the impact of each new standard or amendment are described below:

Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: Disclosure Initiative

The amendments require entities to provide disclosures about changes in their liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses). On initial application of the amendment, entities are not required to provide comparative information for preceding periods. The Group is not required to provide additional disclosures in its condensed interim consolidated financial statements, but will disclose additional information in its annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

The amendments clarify that an entity needs to consider whether tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profit may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount.

Entities are required to apply the amendments retrospectively. However, on initial application of the amendments, the change in the opening equity of the earliest comparative period may be recognised in opening retained earnings (or in another component of equity, as appropriate), without allocating the change between opening retained earnings and other components of equity. Entities applying this relief must disclose that fact.

The Group applied the amendments retrospectively. However, their application has no effect on the Group's position and performance.

Annual improvements cycle - 2014-2016

Amendments to IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Clarification of the Scope of Disclosure Requirements in IFRS 12

The amendments clarify that the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12, other than those in paragraphs B10-B16, apply to an entity's interest in a subsidiary, a joint venture or an associate (or a portion of its interest in a joint venture or an associate) that is classified (or included in a disposal group that is classified) as held for sale. The Group has adopted the amendments retrospectively. The amendments have no effect on the Group's financial statements.

#### 4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Cash on hand	155,652	114,917
Current accounts with the CBAR, the NBG and the CBRT	519,247	534,087
Current accounts with other credit institutions	78,463	91,145
Time deposits with credit institutions up to 90 days	700,893	365,620
Cash and cash equivalents	1,454,255	1,105,769

Current accounts with other credit institutions consist of non-interest bearing correspondent account balances with resident and non-resident banks in the amount of AZN 1,946 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 27,114 thousand) and AZN 76,517 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 63,733 thousand), respectively.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group placed AZN 700,893 thousand in time deposits with one resident bank and two non-resident banks maturing through July 2017 with interest rates ranging between 1% and 12.01% p.a. (31 December 2016 – AZN 365,620 thousand matured in January 2017 with interest rates ranging between 0.4% and 14.30% p.a.).

#### 5. Trading securities

Trading securities comprise:

30 June 2017

	(unaudited)		31 Decem	ber 2016
	Nominal interest rate	Carrying value	Nominal interest rate	Carrying value
Bonds of financial institutions Corporate bonds	14.00% 9.00%-12.09%	3,432 22,218	14.00% 9.00%	3,238 19,431
Trading securities	0.5070 12.0070	25,650	0.0070	22,669

As at 30 June 2017, the Group held securities of two resident entities (31 December 2016 – two) and one non-resident entity (31 December 2016 – none) amounting to AZN 25,650 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 22,669 thousand).

#### 6. Amounts due from credit institutions

Amounts due from credit institutions comprise:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Time deposits with banks	317.811	74.558
Time deposit with the CBAR	251,464	474,994
Loans to banks	31,426	93,727
Obligatory reserve with the CBAR, the NBG and the CBRT	46,579	47,007
Restricted deposits	22,212	38,742
	669,492	729,028
Less: allowance for impairment (Note 19)	(872)	(907)
Amounts due from credit institutions	668,620	728,121

As at 30 June 2017, time deposits with banks mature between July 2017 and December 2017 (31 December 2016 – between January 2017 and December 2017) and with interest rates ranging between 0.01% and 12.00% p.a. (31 December 2016 – between 0.5% and 15.00% p.a.).

As at 30 June 2017, time deposit with the CBAR represents deposit with maturity in September 2017. The deposit was placed from resources of one government entity (Note 12).

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had outstanding amount of AZN 31,426 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 93,727 thousand) of loans issued to three resident commercial banks (31 December 2016 – six resident commercial banks) with contractual maturity through December 2017 (31 December 2016 – June 2017) and interest rates ranging between of 15%-18% p.a. (31 December 2016 – between 3% and 22% p.a.).

Credit institutions in the Republic of Azerbaijan are required to maintain a non-interest earning cash deposit (obligatory reserve) with the CBAR at the level of 0.5% (31 December 2016-0.5%) and 1.0% (31 December 2016-1.0%) of the previous month average of funds attracted from customers by a credit institution in local and foreign currency, respectively. Credit institutions are required to maintain a mandatory interest earning cash deposit with the National Bank of Georgia at the level of 7% and 20% of the average of funds attracted from customers by a credit institution for the appropriate two-week period in GEL and foreign currencies, respectively (31 December 2016: 7% and 20% respectively). Credit institutions in the Republic of Turkey are required to maintain a mandatory interest earning cash deposit with the CBRT at the level of 4%-10.5% for TRY deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities (31 December 2016-4%-10.5%) and 5%-19% for foreign currency deposits and other liabilities according to their maturities (31 December 2016-4%-10.5%).

## 7. Investment securities

8.

Investment securities available-for-sale comprises:

	30 Jun	ie 2017		
_	(unaudited)		31 December 2016	
	Carrying value	Nominal value	Carrying value	Nominal value
Notes issued by the Central Bank				
of Azerbaijan Republic	69,796	70,107	65,360	65,758
Bonds of the Ministry of Finance				·
of the Republic of Azerbaijan	29,455	31,796	68,827	72,819
Corporate bonds	7,604	7,546	29,028	28,776
Bonds of financial institutions	4,896	4,911	-	_
US Treasury bills	4,291	4,255	7,002	6,988
Notes issued by the Azerbaijan				
Mortgage Fund	4,052	4,024	_	_
Turkish Government Bonds	2,461	2,415	3,112	3,064
Investment securities available-for-sale	122,555	125,054	173,329	177,405

Nominal interest rates per annum and maturities of these securities are as follows:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)		31 Dece	mber 2016
-	%	Maturity	%	Maturity
Notes issued by the Central Bank				
of Azerbaijan Republic Bonds of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Azerbaijan	11.44%-12.94% 11.91%-18.96%	July 17 July 2017 – April 2018	14.34%-14.39% 2.49%-20.88%	January 2017 January 2017 – December 2017
Corporate bonds	4.99%-10.86%	October 2021 – December 2021	4.97%-10.38%	October 2021 – December 2021
Bonds of financial institutions	2.52%-14.50%	July 2017 – September 2017	1.38%-11.84%	January 2017 – September 2017
US Treasury bills	1.80%-2.11%	December 2022	_	· <del>-</del>
Mortgage Fund Turkey Government Bonds	3.00% 11.37%	December 2037 July 2018	9.26%-10.64%	March 2017 – June 2017
Loans and receivables comprise:				
			30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Certificates of deposits of financial Bonds of financial institutions Corporate bonds Treasury bonds of the Ministry of F Less: allowance for impairment (No	Finance of Georgia		17,180 15,112 6,304 5,176 (93)	17,686 14,353 8,641 20,674 (134)
Loans and receivables	ole 1 <i>3)</i>		43,679	61,220
Loans to customers				
Loans to customers comprise:				
·			30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Legal entities			1,094,151 165,794	1,046,055 123,552
Loans to customers (gross)			1,259,945	1,169,607
Less – allowance for impairment (I	Note 19)	59	(69,295)	(62,333)
Loans to customers (net)			1,190,650	1,107,274
				_

(Figures in tables are in thousands of Azerbaijani manats)

#### 8. Loans to customers (continued)

A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment of loans to customers by class is as follows:

	Corporate lending 30 June 2017 (unaudited)	Individual lending 30 June 2017 (unaudited)	Total 30 June 2017 (unaudited)
Individual impairment Collective impairment	(53,673) (10,048)	(205) (5,369)	(53,878) (15,417)
	(63,721)	(5,574)	(69,295)
Gross amount of loans, individually determined to be impaired before deducting any individually assessed impairment allowance	101,453	2,909	104,362
		Individual lending 31 December 2016	Total 31 December 2016
Individual impairment Collective impairment	(45,339) (12,750)	(341) (3,903)	(45,680) (16,653)
	(58,089)	(4,244)	(62,333)
Gross amount of loans, individually determined to be impaired before deducting any individually assessed impairment allowance  Loans are made in the following industry sectors:	93,196	3,242	96,438
Loans are made in the lonowing industry sectors.		30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Trade and services Individuals Manufacturing Construction Non-banking credit organizations Mining Agriculture and food processing Energy Transport and telecommunication Leasing		469,045 165,794 122,427 119,201 116,892 75,974 63,028 41,136 39,151 6,806	469,902 123,552 119,577 113,895 125,530 64,622 48,438 13,782 43,671 6,345
Other		40,491	40,293

As at 30 June 2017, the Group granted loans to 6 customers (31 December 2016 - 6 customers) totalling AZN 320,795 thousand (31 December 2016 - AZN 299,486 thousand), which individually exceeded 5% of the Group's equity.

1,259,945

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Guidelines are implemented regarding the acceptability of types of collateral and valuation parameters.

The main types of collateral obtained are as follows:

Total loans (gross)

- For commercial lending, charges over real estate properties, cash, securities, inventory and trade receivables;
- For retail lending, mortgages over residential properties.

Management monitors the market value of collateral, requests additional collateral in accordance with the underlying agreement, and monitors the market value of collateral obtained during its review of the adequacy of the allowance for loan impairment.

1,169,607

## 9. Investment property

1

In 2011, the Bank acquired land for the amount of AZN 2,000 thousand as investment property which is held for long-term appreciation in value. In 2017, the Bank reclassified two repossessed collaterals (office building and greenhouse area) in the amount of AZN 3,441 thousand to investment property which were given for operating lease. As at 30 June 2017, the fair value of investment property amounted to AZN 4,757 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 1,654 thousand). The Bank recognized impairment in the amount of AZN 684 thousand as of 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016 – AZN 346 thousand) due to decrease in recoverable amount.

#### 10. Other assets and liabilities

Other assets comprise:

_	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Other financial assets		
Settlements on money transfers	9,273	5,598
Clearance cheque accounts	7,616	2,048
Accrued commission receivable on guarantees and letters of credit	467	338
Other	15	101
	17,371	8,085
Other non-financial assets		
Deferred expenses	3,402	3,394
Repossessed collateral	2,053	5,280
Other prepayments	2,030	1,017
Prepayments for acquisition of property, equipment and intangible assets	1,986	1,362
Taxes, other than income tax	42	164
	9,513	11,217
Other assets	26,884	19,302

As at 30 June 2017, clearance cheque accounts consist of receivables from other banks for which cheques stand as collateral.

As at 30 June 2017, deferred expenses of AZN 274 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 816 thousand), related to the long term prepayment for the rent of the service points located in Baku and AZN 872 thousand (31 December 2016 – 1,487 thousand) related to long term software support.

Other liabilities comprise:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Other financial liabilities		
Clearance cheque accounts	7,616	2,048
Settlements on money transfer	3,536	3,464
Accrued expenses	882	535
Accrued commission payable on guarantees and letters of credit	27	_
Other	524	175
	12,585	6,222
Other non-financial liabilities		
Payable to employees	14,070	13,715
Deferred income	789	731
Other provision	127	132
Taxes, other than income tax	102	94
Other	1,108	217
	16,196	14,889
Other liabilities	28,781	21,111

#### 11. Amounts due to banks and government funds

Amounts due to banks and government funds comprise:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Loans from the National Fund for Support of Entrepreneurship Short-term deposits from banks	111,663 97,029	99,906 90,136
Long-term deposits from banks Amount due to Azerbaijan Mortgage Fund	78,292 7,178	67,287 4.826
Loans from the CBAR and NBG Amount due to IT Development Fund	5,124 4,506	41,676 5.013
Correspondent accounts with other banks	9,104	21,450
Amounts due to banks and government funds	312,896	330,294

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had loans received from the National Fund for Support of Entrepreneurship amounting to AZN 111,663 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 99,906 thousand), maturing through August 2026 (31 December 2016 – through August 2026), and bearing interest rate of 1.0% p.a. The loans were acquired for the purposes of assistance in gradually improving entrepreneurship environment in Azerbaijan under the government program. The loans have been granted to local entrepreneurs at interest rate of 6% p.a. (31 December 2016 – 6% p.a.).

As at 30 June 2017, the Group received short-term funds from five non-resident commercial banks (31 December 2016 – six) comprising AZN 97,029 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 90,136 thousand) maturing through August 2017 (31 December 2016 – August 2017) and with interest rates ranging between 11.9% and 14.65% p.a. (31 December 2016 – 1.60% and 12.00% p.a.).

As at 30 June 2017, the Group received long-term funds from two resident commercial banks (31 December 2016 – one) comprising AZN 78,292 thousand maturing through May 2018 with interest rates of 2.00 and 3.5% p.a. (31 December 2016 – AZN 67,287 thousand maturing through February 2018 with interest rate of 2.00%).

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had loans refinanced from the Azerbaijan Mortgage Fund amounting to AZN 7,178 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 4,826 thousand), maturing through December 2040 (31 December 2016 – through December 2040) and bearing interest rate of 4.0% p.a.

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had loans received from the CBAR and NBG amounting to AZN 5,124 thousand (31 December 2016 – 41,676 thousand), maturing through November 2017 (31 December 2016 – through November 2017) with interest rates ranging between 3.5% and 7% p.a. (31 December 2016 – 3.5% and 7% p.a.).

As at 30 June 2017, the Group had loans refinanced from the IT Development Fund amounting to AZN 4,506 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 5,013 thousand), maturing through December 2021 (31 December 2016 – through December 2021) and bearing interest rate of 1.0% p.a.

#### 12. Amounts due to customers

The amounts due to customers include the following:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Demand deposits Time deposits	1,468,321 1,234,433	998,925 1,351,762
Amounts due to customers	2,702,754	2,350,687
Held as security against guarantees issued (Note 18)	9,403	8,123

Included in time deposits is a deposit attracted at market rate from one government entity of AZN 239,959 thousand maturing through September 2017.

#### 12. Amounts due to customers (continued)

An analysis of customer accounts by economic sector follows:

	30 June 2017	
-	(unaudited)	31 December 2016
Manufacturing	578,147	542,550
Individuals	511,357	532,932
Investment holding companies	480,414	449,016
Trade and services	434,662	372,380
Transport and communication	222,614	90,276
Mining	153,949	25,238
Construction	137,824	166,766
Insurance	64,598	46,254
Hotel business	41,760	42,478
Public organizations	24,978	25,474
Agriculture	17,534	10,454
Non-banking credit organizations	10,736	22,315
Energy	2,807	3,232
Other	21,374	21,322
Amounts due to customers	2,702,754	2,350,687

As at 30 June 2017, customer deposits included balances with five (31 December 2016 – five) largest customers comprised AZN 1,240,117 thousand or 46% of the total customer deposits portfolio (31 December 2016 – AZN 1,100,919 thousand or 47% of the total customer deposits portfolio).

#### 13. Other borrowed funds

As at 30 June 2017, other borrowed funds included balances with four (31 December 2016 – four) foreign banks amounting to AZN 45,354 thousand (31 December 2016 – AZN 51,473 thousand), maturing through April 2021 (October 2017 – through April 2021) and bearing interest rates ranging between 6.17% and 7.62% p.a. (31 December 2016 – between 1.48% and 3.75% p.a.). These unsecured borrowings are for trade finance of import operations (letters of credit) of the customers of the Group.

#### 14. Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments, recorded as assets or liabilities, together with their notional amounts.

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)			31	016	
	Notional	Fair v	alues	Notional	Fair	value
9	amount	Asset	Liability	amount	Asset	Liability
Foreign exchange contracts						
Options domestic	2,080	-	(1,124)	2,162	_	(990)
Forwards and swaps – foreign	34,039	260	(95)	26,441	320	(983)
Forwards and swaps – domestic	20,000	2,637		37,316	664	(495)
Total derivative assets/ (liabilities)		2,897	(1,219)		984	(2,468)

#### 15. Debt securities issued

In 2017, PASHA Yatirim Bankasi A.S. had issued three short-term bonds denominated in TRY one of which was redeemed as at 30 June 2017. The carrying amount of the bonds amounted to AZN 28,901 thousand as at 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016 – AZN 18,705 thousand).

#### 16. Taxation

The corporate income tax expense comprises:

	2017 (6 months) (unaudited)	2016 (6 months) (unaudited)
Current tax charge Deferred tax charge Less: deferred tax recognized directly in other comprehensive income	(5,950) (7,269) (15)	(8,454) (678) 3
Income tax expense	(13,234)	(9,129)

#### 17. Equity

As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Bank's authorized, issued and fully paid capital amounted to AZN 333,000 thousand comprising of 10,000 ordinary shares with a par value of AZN 33,300 per ordinary share. Each ordinary share entitles one vote to the shareholder.

On 23 May 2016, General Shareholders Meeting declared dividends totalling AZN 5,412 thousand which was paid in June 2016.

On 25 April 2017, General Shareholders Meeting declared dividends totalling AZN 58,636 thousand which was paid in May 2017.

#### Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange difference arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

#### Unrealised gains (losses) on investment securities available-for-sale

This reserve records fair value changes on available-for-sale investments.

#### 18. Commitments and contingencies

### Operating environment

Azerbaijan continues economic reforms and development of its legal, tax and regulatory frameworks as required by the market economy. The future stability of the Azerbaijan economy is largely dependent upon these reforms and developments and the effectiveness of economic, financial and monetary measures undertaken by the government.

In 2015 as a result of significant drop in crude oil prices, Azerbaijani manat devalued against the US dollar from AZN 0.7862 to AZN 1.5500 for 1 USD. Following this devaluation, the Central Bank of the Republic of Azerbaijan announced floating exchange rate. During first half of 2017 the exchange rate of Azerbaijani manat against US dollar continued to fluctuate in the range between AZN 1.7020 and AZN 1.9200.

These events resulted in worsening of liquidity in the banking system and much tighter credit conditions. There continues to be uncertainty regarding economic growth, access to capital and cost of capital which could adversely affect the Group's future results and financial position and business prospects in a manner not currently determinable. Such adverse impacts could include deterioration of the quality of the loan portfolio, with increases in non-performing loans and decreases in loan collateral values, and losses on investment securities

Azerbaijani government announced plans to accelerate reforms and support to banking system in response to current economic challenges.

The Group's Management is monitoring these developments in the current environment and taking precautionary measures it considered necessary in order to support the sustainability and development of the Group's business in the foreseeable future.

#### 18. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

#### Legal

In the ordinary course of business, the Group is subject to legal actions and complaints. Management believes that the ultimate liability, if any, arising from such actions or complaints will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or the results of future operations of the Group.

#### **Taxation**

Azerbaijani tax, currency and customs legislation is subject to varying interpretations, and changes, which can occur frequently. Management's interpretation of such legislation as applied to the transactions and activity of the Bank may be challenged by the relevant authorities. Recent events within the Azerbaijan suggest that the tax authorities are taking a more assertive position in its interpretation of the legislation and assessments and, as a result, it is possible that transactions and activities that have not been challenged in the past may be challenged. As such, significant additional taxes, penalties and interest may be assessed. Fiscal periods remain open to review by the authorities in respect of taxes for three calendar years proceeding the year of review.

Management believes that its interpretation of the relevant legislation as at 30 June 2017 is appropriate and that the Group's tax, currency and customs positions will be sustained.

#### Insurance

The Bank has not currently obtained insurance coverage related to liabilities arising from errors or omissions. Liability insurance is generally not available in Azerbaijan at present.

#### **Compliance with CBAR ratios**

CBAR requires banks to maintain certain prudential ratios computed based on statutory financial statements. As at 30 June 2017, the Bank was in compliance with these ratios except for the followings:

- a) Ratio of maximum credit exposure of a bank per a single borrower or a group of related borrowers that should not exceed 7 percent of the Bank's total capital when the market value of the collateral of credit exposures is less than 100 percent of such credit exposures, or the market value of real estate collateral of loans is below 150% of the loan value. As at 30 June 2017 the Bank's ratio was 12.72% (2016: 18.94%);
- b) Ratio of maximum credit exposure of a bank per a single borrower or a group of related borrowers that should not exceed 20 percent of the Bank's total capital when the market value of the collateral of credit exposures is more than 100 percent of such credit exposures, or the market value of real estate collateral of loans is above 150% of the loan value. As at 30 June 2017 the Bank's ratio was 23.32% (2016: 24.25%);
- Ratio of maximum credit exposure to one related party of the Bank or their representatives should not exceed 10% of total capital. As at 30 June 2017 the Bank's ratio was 11.6%;
- d) Ratio of the share in one legal entity which should not exceed 10% of total capital. As at 30 June 2017 the Bank's ratio was 48.23% (2016: 39.55%);
- e) Ratio of the total share in other legal entities which should not exceed 40% of total capital. As at 30 June 2017 the Bank's ratio was 70.78% (2016: 58.05%).

Throughout the year the Bank submitted information regarding these breaches to the Financial Markets Supervision Chamber (the "FMSC") on a monthly basis and no sanctions were imposed on the Bank. Management believes that the Bank will not face any sanctions against the Bank in the future.

#### Financial commitments and contingencies

The Group provides guarantees and letters of credit to customers with primary purpose of ensuring that funds are available to a customer as required. Guarantees and standby letters of credit represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties. Documentary and commercial letters of credit, which are written undertakings by the Group on behalf of a customer authorizing a third party to draw drafts on the Group up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are collateralized by the underlying shipments of goods, to which they relate, or cash deposits and, therefore, carry less risk than a direct borrowing.

## 18. Commitments and contingencies (continued)

## Financial commitments and contingencies (continued)

Financial commitments and contingencies comprise:

	30 June 2017	
	(unaudited)	31 December 2016
Credit-related commitments		
Guarantees issued	300,207	239,314
Unused credit lines	82,950	86,545
Letters of credit	8,616	12,940
	391,773	338,799
Operating lease commitments		
Not later than 1 year	4,257	4,197
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	_ 16,225	16,699
Later than 5 years	2,801	4,780
•	23,283	25,676
Less – provisions (Note 19)	(1,949)	(6,959)
Commitments and contingencies (before deducting collateral)	413,107	357,516
Less - cash held as security against guarantees issued (Note 12)	(9,403)	(8,123)
Commitments and contingencies	403,704	349,393

# 19. Impairment losses on interest bearing assets and provision for guarantees and letters of credit

The movements in allowance for impairment losses on interest bearing assets and provisions for guarantees and letters of credit were as follows:

6 month ended 30 June 2017

_				(unaudited)			
_				Amounts	Investment		
_	Corporate lending	Individual Iending	Total loans to customers	due from credit institutions	securities – loans and receivables	Total	Guarantees and letters of credit
At 1 January (Charge)/reversal	(58,089)	(4,244)	(62,333)	(907)	(134)	(63,374)	(6,959)
for the year	(5,330)	(1,328)	(6,658)	35	47	(6,576)	5,010
Amounts written off	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Recovery Exchange	(244)	(2)	(246)	_	_	(246)	_
difference	(58)		(58)		(6)	(64)	
At 31 December	(63,721)	(5,574)	(69,295)	(872)	(93)	(70,260)	(1,949)

			6 month ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited)			
	Corporate lending	Individual lending	Total loans to customers	Amounts due from credit institutions	Total	Guarantees and letters of credit
At 1 January Charge for the period Amounts written off Recovery Exchange difference	(42,127) (13,156) — (2,314) (13)	(5,571) (342) 8 (2)	(47,698) (13,498) 8 (2,316) (13)	(780) (9) - - -	(48,478) (13,507) 8 (2,316) (13)	(379) (53) - - -
At 30 June (unaudited)	(57,610)	(5,907)	(63,517)	(789)	(64,306)	(432)

Allowance for impairment of assets is deducted from the carrying amount of the related assets. Provision for guarantees and letters of credit is recorded in liabilities.

## 20. Net fee and commission income

Net fee and commission income comprise:

	2017 (6 months) (unaudited)	2016 (6 months) (unaudited)
Settlements operations	3,739	2.080
Servicing plastic card operations	3,660	1,814
Guarantees and letters of credit	2,930	3,001
Cash operations	650	1,301
Securities operations	116	922
Other	146	470
Fee and commission income	11,241	9,588
Servicing plastic card operations	(3,568)	(1,824)
Settlements operations	(1,396)	(654)
Cash operations	(562)	(149)
Guarantees and letters of credit	(485)	(472)
Securities operations	(7)	(4)
Other	(186)	(219)
Fee and commission expense	(6,204)	(3,322)
Net fee and commission income	5,037	6,266

## 21. Personnel, general and administrative expenses

Personnel expenses comprise:

	2017 (6 months) (unaudited)	2016 (6 months) (unaudited)
Salaries and bonuses Social security costs Other employee related expenses	(18,036) (5,879) (1,206)	(13,139) (2,452) (1,684)
Total personnel expenses	(25,121)	(17,275)

General and administrative expenses comprise:

	2017 (6 months) (unaudited)	2016 (6 months) (unaudited)
Operating leases Professional services	(3,511) (1,832)	(3,396) (1,985)
Charity and sponsorship Software cost Advertising costs	(1,825) (1,229) (779)	(8,627) (1,099) (621)
Insurance Repair and maintenance Impairment of investment property	(642) (438) (338)	(343) (495) —
Utilities Transportation and business trip expenses Communications	(320) (294) (288)	(317) (210) (242)
Membership fees Security expenses	(276) (270)	(119) (212)
Taxes, other than income tax Stationery Printing expenses	(154) (144) (11)	(295) (96) (34)
Losses on disposal of property and equipment Other expenses	(1,487)	(3) (526)
Total general and administrative expenses	(13,838)	(18,620)

#### 22. Fair values of financial instruments

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- ▶ Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

Til	•			surement using	·
	Date of valuation	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	unau Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	udited) Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets measured at			(	, ,	
fair value Trading securities Investment securities –	30 June 2017	_	25,650	_	25,650
available for sale Derivative financial assets	30 June 2017 30 June 2017	15,689 —	103,303 2,897	3,563 —	122,555 2,897
Assets for which fair values are disclosed					
Cash and cash equivalents Amounts due from credit	30 June 2017	1,454,255	-	_	1,454,255
institutions Investment securities –	30 June 2017	-	-	668,620	668,620
loans and receivables	30 June 2017	_	2,145	43,378	45,523
Loans to customers Investment property	30 June 2017 30 June 2017	_	-	1,181,107 4,757	1,181,107 4,757
Liabilities measured at fair value Derivative financial liabilities	30 June 2017	_	1,219	_	1,219
Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed Amounts due to banks and				040.000	242.005
government funds Amounts due to customers	30 June 2017 30 June 2017	_	_	312,896 2,706,477	312,896 2,706,477
Other borrowed funds	30 June 2017	_	_	45,354	45,354
Debt securities	30 June 2017	_	_	28,829	28,829
		Quoted prices	Fair value mea Significant	surement using Significant	
		in active	observable	unobservable	
	Date of valuation	markets (Level 1)	inputs (Level 2)	inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets measured at fair value					
Trading securities Investment securities –	31 December 2016	_	22,669	_	22,669
available for sale Derivative financial assets	31 December 2016 31 December 2016	35,790 -	134,187 984	3,352 —	173,329 984
Assets for which fair values are disclosed	*20				
Cash and cash equivalents Amounts due from credit		1,105,769	-	-	1,105,769
institutions Investment securities –	31 December 2016	_	_	728,121	728,121
loans and receivables  Loans to customers	31 December 2016 31 December 2016		2,074 <del>-</del>	61,027 1,088,091	63,101 1,088,091
Investment property	31 December 2016	-	_	1,654	<b>1,654</b>

## 22. Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

		Fair value measurement using					
	Date of valuation	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total		
Liabilities measured at fair value Derivative financial liabilities	31 December 2016	-	2,468	_	2,468		
Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed Amounts due to banks and							
government funds	31 December 2016	_	_	330,294	330,294		
Amounts due to customers	31 December 2016	_	_	2,354,701	2,354,701		
Other borrowed funds	31 December 2016		_	51,473	51,473		
Debt securities issued	31 December 2016	-	_	18,690	18,690		

#### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the statement of financial position. The table does not include the fair values of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities.

	Carrying	Fair	Unrecognized	Carrying	Fair	Unrecognized
	value	value	gain/(loss)	value	value	gain/(loss)
	30 June 2017	30 June 2017			31 December	
	_(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	2016	2016	2016
Financial assets Cash and cash						
equivalents Amounts due from credit	1,454,255	1,454,255	-	1,105,769	1,105,769	-
institutions Investment securities –	668,620	668,620	_	728,121	728,121	-
loans and receivables	43,679	45,523	1,844	61,220	63,101	1,881
Loans to customers	1,190,650	1,181,107	(9,543)	1,107,274	1,088,091	(19,183)
Financial liabilities Amounts due to banks						
and government funds Amounts due to	312,896	312,896	_	330,294	330,294	-
customers	2,702,754	2,706,477	(3,723)	2,350,687	2,354,701	(4,014)
Other borrowed funds	45,354	45,354		51,473	51,473	_
Debt securities issued Total unrecognised	28,901	28,829	72	18,705	18,690	15
change in unrealised fair value			(11,350)			(21,301)

#### Assets for which fair value approximates carrying value

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are liquid or having a short term maturity (less than three months) it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to their fair value. This assumption is also applied to demand deposits, without a specific maturity and variable rate financial instruments.

#### Fixed and variable rate financial instruments

For quoted debt instruments the fair values are determined based on quoted market prices. The fair values of unquoted debt instruments are estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

### 23. Related party disclosures

In accordance with IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form.

Related parties may enter into transactions which unrelated parties might not, and transactions between related parties may not be effected on the same terms, conditions and amounts as transactions between unrelated parties.

The volumes of related party transactions, outstanding balances at the year end, and related expense and income for the year are as follows:

		•	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	,			31	December 2	016	
	-	Entities under common	Key manage- ment				Entitles under common	Key manage- ment		
	Parent	control	personnel	Other	Total	Parent	control	personnel	Other	Total
Loans, gross Less: allowance	-	125,162	4,492	142	129,796	-	124,512	3,293	214	128,019
for impairment		(237)	(48)		(285)		(1,097)	(9)		(1,106)
Loans, net		124,925	4,444	142	129,511		123,415	3,284	214	126,913
Amounts due to banks and government										
funds Deposits Current accounts Unused credit lines	36,857 182	47,386 402,930 304,453 2,023	5,247 139,968 1,128	92,452 35,569 242	47,386 500,629 516,847 3,575	29,564 182	48,317 454,434 240,425 1,787	5,800 1,712 801	58,806 248,151 231	48,317 519,040 519,852 3,001

The income and expense arising from related party transactions are as follows:

For the six months ended (unaudited)

					fortage	uned)				
_			30 June 2017	,				30 June 2016		
-	Parent	Entities under common control	Key manage- ment personnel	Other related parties	Total	Parent	Entities under common control	Key manage- ment personnel	Other related parties	Total
Interest income on loans	_	4,418	161	9	4,588	_	2,573	85	2	2,660
Interest expense on deposits	(51)	(8,467)	(147)	(114)	(8,779)	(291)	(6,090)	(28)	(1,359)	(7,768)
Fee and commission	(31)	(0,407)	(147)	(114)	(0,113)	(231)	(0,050)	(20)	(1,555)	
income General and administrative	36	2,064	18	1	2,119	33	1,668	1	1	1,703
expenses	_	(1,364)	_	j	(1,364)	-	(2,381)	-	-	(2,381)

The Bank has guarantee from its parent received as a collateral in respect of deposits placed in one local bank (31 December 2016: one local bank) and 7 borrowers (31 December 2016: 6 borrowers) in the amount of AZN 6,654 thousand and AZN 110,610 thousand respectively as at 30 June 2017 (31 December 2016 – AZN 6,872 thousand and AZN 85,348 thousand).

Compensation to members of key management personnel was comprised of the following:

	2017 (6 months) (unaudited)	2016 (6 months) (unaudited)
Salaries and other benefits	(5,170)	(3,539)
Social security costs	(875)	(778)
Total key management compensation	(6,045)	(4,317)

### 24. Capital adequacy

The Bank and its banking subsidiaries maintain an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The adequacy of the Bank's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the ratios established by the CBAR in Azerbaijan and banking regulators in the countries where respective subsidiaries are located.

During the 6 months of 2017, the Bank have complied in full with its externally imposed capital requirements.

The primary objectives of the Bank's capital management are to ensure that the Bank complies with externally imposed capital requirements and that the Bank maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholders' value.

The Bank manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Bank may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years.

#### **CBAR** capital adequacy ratio

The CBAR requires banks to maintain a minimum capital adequacy ratio of 10% (2016: 10%) of risk-weighted assets for regulatory capital. As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 the bank's capital adequacy ratio on this basis was as follows:

	30 June 2017 (unaudited)	31 December 2016
Tier 1 capital Tier 2 capital	329,710 29,758	330,438 75,195
Less: deductions from capital  Total regulatory capital	(148,987) 210,481	(148,987) 256,646
Risk-weighted assets	1,195,131	1,136,889
Capital adequacy ratio	15%	20%

The NBG requires banks to maintain a minimum total capital adequacy ratio of 9.6% (2016 – 10.8%) of risk-weighted assets for regulatory capital. As at 30 June 2017, capital adequacy ratio of PASHA Bank Georgia was 42% (31 December 2016 – 42%).

The BRSA requires banks to maintain a minimum total capital adequacy ratio of 8% (2016 - 8%) of risk-weighted assets for regulatory capital. Capital Adequacy Standard Ratio of PASHA Yatirim Bankasi A.S. is calculated in accordance with BRSA. As at 30 June 2017 the bank's capital adequacy ratio was 41.07% (31 December 2016: 54%).